EXHIBIT A

I will note the appearances on the appearance 1 Judge: sheet. We're ready to proceed. 2

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Thank you, Your Honor. For the record I'm Jes Austin: Austin with Paul Hastings Demask and Walker. I'm the counsel for Northwestern Corporation. We are here on the regularly scheduled under this hearing that was set this afternoon in the case, we have published an agenda, and we distributed an amended agenda, with respect to today's 9 hearing and there are, I believe, there were 12 10 items noted on the agenda and as we've done in 11 the past, I'm going to let Ms. Dennistein go 12 through this agenda based on where things are, I 13 can advise the Court that most of the matters are 14 either resolved by agreement or stipulation. One 15 of the other major matters was a motion for the 16 forming of an equity committee has been at the 17 request of the advance pulled from today's 18 calendar and will be set on a future calendar, so 19 that I believe that the only contested matter 20 that we will have today is a motion that was 21 filed by Magten for relief from the automatic 22 23 stay as well as a motion dealing with an

expansion of investigatory time related to the 1 committee and CS First Boston Credit Agreement. 2 We have had certain additional parties join in the Magten motion and obviously we, on behalf of the debt, have filed papers in opposition, so 5 that's the only real contested matter we have 6 today, but I'd like Ms. Denniston to run through 7 the agenda to advise the Court on the 8 developments of everything else that is 9 acceptable. Thank you. Please. 10

Good afternoon Your Honor. The first Ms. Denniston: 11 agenda item is the status conference re Verified 12 Complaint, Northwestern against American Electric 13 Power. The appointees are in the process of 14 exchanging information and has scheduled a 15 meeting to discuss settlement. We have that 16 meeting, we'll take, are in the process of 17 scheduling a meeting, that meeting is expected to 18 take place in the next two week sand we would 19 like to continue this to the May 17th hearing. 20

21 Judge: So ordered.

Number Two, on the agenda, Your Honor Ms. Denniston: 1 is the debt's summation for Order Pursuant to 2 9019 Approving Settlement Agreement among Debtor 3 Clark Fort & Black for Atlantic Richfield. We're requesting that this be continued to May 17th. 5 The parties are in the process of finalizing the second stipulation that we advised the Court of 7 at the last hearing. 8 9 Judge: So ordered. Thank you, Your Honor. Number Three on Ms. Denniston: 10 the agenda is the Motion of Deutsche Bank for 11 Relief for Automatic Stay. Deutsche and the 12 Debtor are requesting that this be continued to 13 14 May 17th. 15 Judge: So ordered. Number Four on the agenda, Your Honor, 16 Ms. Denniston: 17 is the application to employ Price Waterhouse as 18 Business Consultants on this matter was continued so that the Debtor and Price Waterhouse could 19 20 address issues raised by the US Trustee and

others regarding a potential conflict. The

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resolution of that issue is that the Minneapolis 1 office of Price Waterhouse will not perform 2 litigation services for Northwestern and with 3 that we have an Order authorizing the retention with limited terms of engagement, and I'd like to 5 hand that over. 6 Okay. Sign the order. Judge: Thank you're your Honor. As Mr. Austin 8 Ms. Denniston: indicated, Item Number Five on the agenda is the 9 Motion for Order Extending Time with the Official 10 Committee of unsecured credits to investigate, 11 and we've requested that we put to the end of the 12 13 docket. Judge: Okay. 14 Item #6 is the Motion for Court 15 Ms. Denniston: Approval to Assume Executory Contract between 16 Northwestern and Mid-American Energy. This Motion 17 follows the stipulation that was presented at the 18 February Omnibus hearing. A Certificate of No 19 Objection was filed on April 7th and we'd like to 20 21 hand up the Order at this time.

1 Judge: I signed the order.

Ms. Denniston: Thank you Your Honor. Item #7 is the

Motion of Magten Asset Management Corporation for

Order granting relief in the automatic stay. As

Mr. Austin indicated, we'd like to continue that

till the end of the docket.

7 Judge: So ordered.

Item #8 is the Motion for Relief of 8 Ms. Denniston: Automatic Stay by Hydro Dynamics. The Debtor 9 filed an objection that was joined by the 10 Committee. In connection with this Motion the 11 Debtor has proposed or has filed a motion to 12 assume the Hydro Dynamics contracts. That Motion 13 will be set for the omnibus hearing in May and we 14 also have filed a stipulation to continue this 15 motion to the next omnibus hearing. 16

17 Judge: So ordered.

18 Ms. Denniston: Number 9 is the Motion of the Debtor
19 for an Order Pursuant to 11USE Section 1121
20 extending the exclusivity period to solicit
21 acceptances of the proposed plan of

reorganization. A certificate of no objection was 1 filed on March 31st and we'd like to hand up an 2 order. 3 I signed the order. Judge: Thank you Your Honor. Matter #10 is the Ms. Denniston: 5 Motion to appoint official equity security 6 holder's committee filed by RCG Copathia and 7 others. A number of objections were filed Your 8 Honor and at the request of the [?] this matter is being continued to the May 17th hearing. 10 So ordered. 11 Judge: Number #11, Your Honor, is the pretrial Ms. Denniston: 12 conference regarded Amended Verified Complaint 13 against Carpenter Pension Trust by agreement of 14 the parties we're requesting that that be 15 continued to May 17th. 16 So ordered. 17 Judge: Thank you Your Honor. Number 12 is the 18 Ms. Denniston: Plaintiff's Motion for scheduling order. The 19 Plaintiff filed a request for a scheduling order 20

to set an evidentiary hearing. The debtor filed a 1 response concurring that we're requesting that an 2 evidentiary hearing be sat during the month of 3 July and that matter is going forward. I am not 4 sure whether there is anybody here on behalf of 5 the Plaintiff. 6 Yes, there is counsel here. Judge: 7 Good afternoon. Maureen O'King of Skadden Arps on 8 Counsel: behalf of Yellowstone Energy Limited Partnership 9 is a plaintiff, and I rise with [] 10 listed ---- Skadden Arps Washington D.C. Office. 11 He's appearing telephonically. We've filed a pro 12 hoc admission for --- it's pending before the 13 14 Court. Mr. Meaghen, how are you? 15 Judge: --- LLP speaking, first of 16 Mr. Meaghen: Your Honor, all, Thank you Your Honor for allowing me to 17 appear before and to digital telephonically 18 today. Should I get to the gist of what our 19 20 motion is about sir?

1	Judge:	Yes, my question about this, was how much time
2		you needed in July. As I understood the parties'
3		position, it was once you had a time set in July
4		for a trial you'd be able to work backward in
5		terms of setting an appropriate schedule.
6	Mr. Meagh	nen: And this is our hope.
7	Judge:	And so, my question was, and so I understood
8		there was a request by the parties for me to set
9		this matter for trial and I just need more advice
10		as to much time we're going to need to get this
11		done.
12	Mr. Meagl	hen: I was thinking, my belief would be that
13		we would need absolutely no more than a single
14		day and if the parties were to agree that direct
15		examination could go in by way of declaration or
16		some other means, I am confident that we have the
17		trial in less than a single day.
18	Ms. Denn	iston: The debtor concurs with that, Your
19		Honor.
20	Judge:	Why don't we set a day now. Which day of the week
21		is that? Thursday? Wednesday. We'll set it for

- Wednesday July 14th at 9:30. We'll set that for
- the full day to avoid any difficulty. Does that
- 3 work for everybody?
- 4 Mr. Meaghen: -- that's fine your Honor.
- 5 Ms. Denniston: Your Honor would that be proceeding
- 6 here in Wilmington?
- 7 Judge: Yes, that's a week I'm here in Wilmington.
- 8 Ms. Denniston: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 9 Judge: Unless you all want to come to Phoenix in July.
- 10 Ms. Denniston: We might need less than a day.
- Il Judge: Well, if we started 4 or 5 o'clock after the air
- 12 conditioning goes out, we may see how things
- 13 settle.
- 14 Ms. Meaghen: If I understand, Mr. Mead again, we [?] have
- between us counsel to follow up and try to work
- backwards and submit an agreed order. If by any
- 17 chance, we are not able to agree upon schedule to
- get us to July 14th, would be there a time where
- we might be able to a very brief telephone

1 conversation with Your Honor, to resolve any 2 issue Your Honor? 3 Judge: Assuming that occurs, you just need to contact, 4 call the Deputy here, and we'll set something up. 5 Mr. Meaghen: Thank you very much Your Honor. 6 Ms. Denniston: Your Honor, there are two housekeeping 7 details as we've reached the end of the agenda. 8 The first one is the stipulation that we 9 previewed for the Court at the last hearing. This 10 involved the agreement of the debtor to mediate, 11 the what has been called the McGreevy Litigation, 12 and we have done a limited stipulation to enlist . 13 automatic stay to allow that mediation to 14 continue or to proceed. This arises out of 15 certain litigation pending in Montana and the 16 Federal District Court out there has requested 17 that we have our order listing the automatic stay 18 for the purpose of mediation and so that 19 mediation can proceed. I'd like to hand up an 20 order if that's appropriate. 21 Judge: I've signed the Order.

Thank you Your Honor. Another, I have Ms. Denniston: 1 two other small housekeeping matters. The debtor 2 has requested or has filed on regular notice, a 3 motion to retain the Paul Myer firm to deal with execution compensation and board of director 5 compensation issues, and had requested a special 6 setting on that. The issue there being that it's 7 the debtor's request that that work begin and the request of Pearl Meyer that an order be entered 9 before work actually starts, given the timing of 10 the case, as we move for the disclosure statement 11 the need for the information we'd like to be able 12 to get a special setting, if the Court could 13 accommodate that. 14

15 Judge: Tell me what time you're looking.

We would be more than willing, Your 16 Ms. Denniston: Honor, to come to Phoenix. We don't anticipate 17 that it would take long at this point. We haven't 18 gotten any indication that there'll be any 19 objection to the application so something. I 20 understand the committee has comments to the 21 application. We would work through those as we 22 have in the past. I hope we'll be able to resolve 23

1	them, but we were looking for something, either
2	at the end of this month or the first part, first
3	week in May, either Tuesday or Wednesday of that
4	week, we can set something. I think Tuesday we
5	kind of filled up yesterday, didn't we? So maybe
6	we'll set something on Wednesday, we can get you
7	a specific date and time, after I consultant with
8	my call him Deputy in Phoenix.

- 9 Ms. Denniston: Thank you Your Honor.
- 10 Judge: If that's sufficient, then you notice it out.
- 11 Ms. Denniston: Yes we will, and thank you Your Honor,
- 12 we appreciate the Court's accommodation. The last
- [?] matter is a stipulation that..
- 14 Judge: And depending on how contested that is, we could
- do the whole thing by telephone if that's what
- 16 parties want to do.
- 17 Ms. Denniston: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 18 Judge: I'll leave to the parties to decide if it's a
- matter that they want to be heard in person,
- 20 whether they travel to Phoenix.

- Thank you. The last housekeeping Ms. Denniston: 1 matter is a stipulation, an order regarding the 2 stay of proceedings with respect to Rodger and 3 Carol Ror's motion for withdrawal of reference. This stipulation provides that this matter will 5 be stayed both here and at the district court 6 level till all the parties were settlement. I'd 7 like to hand out this stipulation and the order 8 9 at this time. Counsel: Your Honor, no grounds for Roger & Carol Ror. I 10 just here we wish to stipulate this matter 11 probably will be resolved by the parties at 12 Global. 13 I signed the order. 14 Judge: Thank you Your Honor. Ms. Denniston: 15 Counsel: With that, may I be excused your Honor. 16 17 Judge: Of course. Your Honor that leaves number 5 and Ms. Denniston: 18
 - Asset Management Corporation.

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number 7, these are the motions filed by Magten

Judge: Now before we get to that, I've got a short

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2	housekeeping matter I want to bring up. I
3	understand that there was a request made to the
4	Courtroom deputy that we set a regular second
5	hearing a month in Phoenix. Am I correct about
6	that? I had heard that I think your local
7	counsel. Am I right Ginger? The local counsel had
8	made such a request. I simply wanted to say that
9	in the comment that we received was something
10	along the lines that a case like this has more
11	than one hearing, and so we want to have more
12	than one hearing. In this case, and in others, I
13	have been as accommodating as I've been able to
14	be based on my calendar there to have hearings
15	and if in fact the counsel here conclude that
16	that's necessary, and - this sort of matter it
17	should be brought up at one of these hearings or
18	at a hearing rather than requests made to the
19	Courtroom deputy. I see everybody puzzled, but
20	that certainly is Mr. Chipman made that
21	request.
22	Ms. Denniston: Your Honor there was a great deal of

confusion with regard to the Pearl Myer

1		application in getting that for hearing. Now
2		that's now been resolved and I suspect that
3		there's been some sideways communication. AT this
4		point I think you can tell that the parties in
5		the courtroom have not anticipated a second
6		omnibus hearing in Phoenix.
7	Judge:	Right, and I just want to understand that if
8		that's ever really necessary to transact the
9		business of the case, then all you have to do is
10		make that case to me, but I think it aught to be
11		made to me, not necessarily through the courtroom
12		deputy because she doesn't really know what my
13		availability is or whether I'd be willing to set
14		another hearing, it's just a matter that can be
15		done on notice pretty simply.
16	Ms. Denni	ston: Thank you, Your Honor we'll take care
17		of that.
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18	Judge:	Alright, then, let's go back to Item #5.
19	Counsel:	Your Honor.
20	Judge :	And item number 7.

1	Counsel:	I apologize, Ed Morton from Young Conaway on
2		behalf of the Touch America debtors. To briefly,
3		if I may, turn the Court's attention back to
4		number four. I merely wanted to place in the
5		record, we were one of the other parties that had
6		formally commented on this application. Price
7		Waterhouse Coopers is also a retained
8		professional at our bank which a case that was
9		filed last summer. We have had discussions with
10		Price Waterhouse Coopers and with the debtors,
11		and our sense of the motion was based on not any
12		representations regarding the Minneapolis office
13		and their involvement, but based upon the limited
14		scope of Price Waterhouse Coopers engagements on
15		the [Sarbain's?] - the issues. With that, we do
16		not have any opposition to the order, and haven't
17		been entered, we merely want to make sure that
18		our concerns were on the record.
19	Judge:	Thank you.

- 20 Morton: Thank you.
- 21 Counsel: Good afternoon, Your Honor, William Burnett,
- 22 BlancRone on behalf of Magten Asset Corporation.

I have here with me today, I have a co-counsel, 1 Bonnie Steingart and Garg Kaplan from the Fried 2 Frank firm and we'll be addressing items number 3 five and number seven on Your Honor's agenda. Good afternoon, Your Honor. I'm Bonnie 5 Steingart: Steingart from Fried Frank, and I would like to 6 7 address both of Magten's issues. If it's acceptable to the Court, I'd like to first 8 address the list stay motion so that Magten could 9 proceed with an adversary against the debtor in 10 11 connection with its claim that the transfer of the assets from Clarkfoot and Northwest LLC to 12 the debtor constituted a fraudulent conveyance 13 14 under Montana Law. 15 Counsel: Your Honor, I'd like to provide just a moment to 16 at least make --- (pause) .. I'm asking counsel 17 were there - evidentiary show in this why part of 18 this will recriminate was other - parties. 19 Steingart: Well, I think that the Court does have a 20 number of documents that have been attached to 21 the pleadings and that in light of that, and in 22 light of the other factual material that's

already before the court, I believe that we can

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2 go directly to argument. -- Your Honor is that case law doesn't seem 3 Counsel: 4 controlling here, and we can - the court's 5 attention to the cases of Son and Industries [?] 6 at 907F2nd 1280 as well as the cases of Pioneer 7 Commercial Funding Corporation with his 114 8 bankruptcy -45 simply require that a movement 9 seeking relief in a stay for a cause has the -10 showing that and they must make a prima facae case for moving forward, and I think that well 11 12 require some - level of evidentiary presentation. 13 Judge: Well, why I don't decide that after I hear the 14 presentation of counsel, and if I agree, then we 15 may not get it resolved today. 16 Counsel: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 Ms. Steingart: As official matter, Your Honor, the 18 debtors did put in an objection to the motion and 19 did not indicate that they thought there was any 20 lack of batch or foundation for our request that 21 the State, they listed for cause.

- Judge: That doesn't relieve you of your burden.
- 2 Ms. Steingart: Yes, Your Honor.
- 3 Judge: Your burden is what it is...
- 4 Ms. Steingart: It is.. Your Honor.
- 5 Judge: And I'd like to know how you think you meet your
- 6 burden and then we'll decide whether or not if an
- 7 initial instant addition is necessary.
- 8 Ms. Steingart: Thank you Your Honor.
- 9 Judge: Okay?
- 10 Ms. Steingart: Well, I'd like to say that as an
- initial matter, we believe that to the extent
- 12 that we are seeking to have an adversary
- 13 proceeding against the debtor in this court that
- 14 to a large extent , there really is not an
- 15 necessary for a list stay motion. There was
- 16 authority for the composition that to the extent
- 17 that this is a matter for this court and it
- involves assets that are purportedly part of the
- debtor's estate and we'd made a claim and the

1	debtor has included these assets as part of the
2	estate that it's distributing in its plan, that
3	an adversary proceeding against the debtor here,
4	where it's convenient, where these issues will be
5	resolved at some point in this case is entirely
6	appropriate and not subject to the stay. Indeed,
7	in the response of papers filed by the debtor
8	here, the response was, well, you know, this is a
9	claim issue, we should be looking at this issue,
10	later in this case, at the time of distribution
11	because what you're saying is that the assets get
12	distributed to you and not to the others. Well,
13	you know, that on its face, is

- 14 Judge: Why we don't back up a little bit ...
- 15 Ms. Steingart: Sure.
- 16 Judge: .. and make sure we're all on the same page.
- 17 Ms. Steingart: Uhm hum.
- Judge: And explain to me the relationship of your client to Clark fort and to the debtor, and explain to me, I read the papers, I just want to hear this again. What it is you're seeking to accomplish

here, on behalf of your client. I understand you 1 want to file a fraudulent conveyance. What would 2 be the result of a fraudulent conveyance lawsuit 3 for it to be successful? Well, our view is that one of the Ms. Steingart: 5 results of the fraudulent conveyance lawsuit if 6 we were successful would be that these assets 7 that were transferred from Clarkfort to the 8 debtor. This is an unusual case in the case that you're 10 Judge: not talking about a fraudulent conveyance where 11 the debtor has fraudulently conveyed to a third 12 party and you're seeking to bring something back 13 into the state. What you want to do here is you 14 believe that the fraudulent conveyance went to 15 the debtor. 16 Right. Ms. Steingart: 17 And that it ought to come back out of the estate, 18 Judge: 19 for the benefit of ...

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A creditor.

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Ms. Steingart:

1	Judge:	For the - of the creditors, although the debtor's
2		argument is, is that you're no longer a credit at
3		that level, you're a creditor at the debtor
4		level, so your claim to the extent that you have
5		one is against the debtor because under the
6		indenture, that's where the claim went and
7		Clarkfort was relieved of the obligation, so I'm
8		just trying to get the lay of the land.
9	Ms. Stein	gart: Sure.

- Judge: If I just had the lay of the land here, you think

 you're still the credit at the Clarkfork level,

 in effect.
- 13 Ms. Steingart: Right.
- Judge: And that you now look at Clarkfork and say, it no longer has these assets, that out of which we want to collect our debt. That those assets now are in the debtor so ... (pause)... the fraudulent conveyance was made by Clarkfork to the debtor. We want to get those assets back so that they could be used to pay our claim.

1	Ms. Stein	gart: Right, well, yeah, with two things. One
2		is indeed we still think that we are a creditor
3		of Clarkfork and we believe that we are a
4		creditor of Clarkfork because it remains jointly
5		and severally liable on our guarantees, that
6		distributions will be made from x account to the
7		holders of these - or to the debentures. And
8		Clarkfork is still a guarantee, and so jointly
9		and severally liable on making payments from
10		account, and it's our view that that account is
11		emptying and has nothing in it to distribute
12		because of the fraudulent conveyance. But Your
13		Honor there is a second ground here.
14	Judge:	So it was the economic impact of what you're
15		talking about here is you want it to be a
16		creditor with a claim against a pool as to which
17		other creditors don't have a claim thereby
18		increasing your return against that pool rather
19		than if you're treated as a creditor of
20		Northwestern where these assets then up and up
21		and your claim gets diluted. Is that what
22		happened. Am I right about that or wrong?

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So the extent that a successful result Ms. Steingart: of our litigation would be that we would be a member of the classes that receive distribution from this debtor, we would receive less than 100 cents on the dollar. To the extent that, so as the debtor puts in its papers, well, look if they win, they're just going to be part of Class 7, Class 9, whatever and get a distribution, so we should, you know, do this later, so to the extent that we were named creditors and our position was improved vis a vie the debtor, yes, that's true. To the extent that these assets will become assets of Clarkfork, then what we would get 100 cents on the dollar would really depend on what the other competing claimants were, who the other competing complaints were, but our view is that we would probably get a full recovery. Our argument here though is not that, gee, somehow we should get a 100 cents on (pause) dollar rather than 75. Our claim here is that we are utterly out of the money because of the way in which these conveyances occurred and it's that conveyance that was what we consider to be the fraud.

Judge: But how are you out of the money if in fact

you're a creditor of Northwestern? --- and like

all creditors who are similarly situated are out

of the money.

Yes, they are. We're out of the money 5 Ms. Steingart: 6 because when these assets were transferred to 7 Northwestern, Northwestern's creditors stood on 8 line before us, when tehse assets were 9 transferred to Northwest, these assets 10 unfortunately did not succeed in making Northwest 11 an entity that could pay the claims, that could 12 pay the creditors that had before the transfer 13 and certainly not the creditors that it acquired 14 as part of the transfer, and that's why in some 15 way the argument that somehow we are not a 16 creditor of Clarkfork is circular and proves too 17 much because what the debtor is saying is all you 18 have to do when you do a fraudulent conveyance 19 and we, you know and we should with a mind that 20 this was a conveyance between entities that were 21 affiliated, that the debtor controlled the entity 22 from which it received the conveyance, and all 23 the debtor need do, if it wants to - is the

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bringing of any fraudulent conveyance claim is convey the creditor along with the asset and poof, it's gone, and that seems to me you're on it to prove too much. Here, because of the kind of conveyance we have, that once we bring the claim, if we are, if we can show that it was a fraudulent conveyance and the transaction is unwound, we are also on that ground as well a creditor of Clarkfork and if the debtor indeed engaged in a fraudulent conveyance here, it should not be able to hide behind the fact that it also conveyed the liability. When it conveyed a liability to a company that no ability to pay it, from a company that had every ability to pay it, and that's why we think we should be entitled to bring that claim, and indeed, bringing it in the context of this proceeding is certainly convenient for the debtor. There are other claimants through our claiming around this claim so that it will eventually have to be decided, and if we list all our complaints and then in the court get this matter before it and decide it so that if and when a plan is confirmed, the issues with respect to these assets are resolved. It's

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in everybody's interest, so that one, we don't think that there is a real standing argument, but even there is, Your Honor, let's file the adversary and let them make the motion to dismiss. You know, it's not a frivolous claim on any stretch of the imagination and as a technical matter, the trustee has indicated that it would join the adversary as a plaintiff so that it's not only Magten but the trustee under the indenture, who will be a plaintiff in that lawsuit. And the last thing that I would just like to bring to the Court's attention. There's some argument in the papers filed by the debtor that constructive trusts are somehow vulnerable to the strong arm powers of the debtor or the trustee. There was a case decided by Judge Walrath in February 2004 which differentiated in terms of the reach of this strong-arm property and real estate and we believe that the divisions between personal property and real estate and we believe that to the extent that a number of the assets are subject, may be personal property other than real estate that the avoidance claims do not pre-empt the constructive trusts and that

1	was Judge Walrath's holding, the name of that
2	case is Inri DBI Inc. and I only have the Westlaw
3	version which was 2004 Westlaw 415293 if I could
4	provide it to the Court I'd be happy to do so.

- 5 Judge: Tell me, the cite again.
- 6 Ms. Steingart: Okay, it's 2004 WL 415293.

7	Kortanek:	Good afternoon Your Honor. My name is Steve
8		Kortanek, and I'm with Klechic Harrison. We are
9		co-counsel for two creditor constituencies, one
10		is the McGreevey Class Action Claimants and
11		appearing with me on the telephone today is Allan
12		McGarvy who is Class Counsel for that
13		constituency. Also we represent Commanchy Park
14		(?0 who is a member of the committee. We filed
15		joinders to the Magten list stay motion and so
16		those - speak for themselves. I don't want to put
17		Mr. McGarvey on the spot but in connection with
18		McGreevey litigation and which seeks the
19		fraudulent transfer relief effectively in
20		Montana, he wishes to address the Court for this
21		motion or the related Magten motion. We'd now

believe for him to do so, we did know the ---.

2 Thank you Your Honor.

3 McGarvey: This is Allan McGarvey.

4 Judge: Alright.

5 McGarvey: Your Honor, we represent --- Class settlement shareholders of the former Montana 6 7 Power Company. Our claim against the Montana 8 Power Company was it breached its duty in selling 9 all or substantially all of its assets with the 10 result that the shareholders lost 3 billion 11 dollars. During the - of our action, Montana 12 Power Company was merged into Northwestern Energy Oil - which entity was purchased as a fully owned 13 14 subsidiary of Northwestern corporation is now 15 known as Clarkfork in Black--- The Montana Court 16 held that Northwestern Energy is the successor to 17 the Montana Power liabilities, and issued an 18 order enjoining Northwest Energy not to transfer 19 the Montana utility assets. The newer (?) company 20 moved to add the parent corporation Northwestern 21 as an additional party, but the Court sustained 22 our objection that the assets should remain with

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the subsidiary, in North --- represented to the McGreevy Class Counsel into the Montana Court that the Montana Utility assets would be held by North, so that any extradition of judgment in our action against - would not be served in North. Further stipulated Northwest further stipulated it be subject to the jurisdiction of the Montana, heretofore any judgment against the Montana Power Company in its successive Northwestern Energy and applying that representation the Court admitted the upstraining (?) transaction. We have two claims towards the claim to have Northwestern on their stipulation to be --- or any judgment against the subsidiary, but second we have submitted a constructive cause (?) claim and that claim includes several bases including that the --- transaction was a fraudulent transfer which left Northwestern Energy in - and second, the representation to the McGreevey tie-up into the Montana Court that the assets would be as available for imposition created a constructive for that interest. We joined in the motion for list (?) today in order to address whether the -

screens are properly part of the debtor estate,

that's the fundamental - of reorganization.

3 Judge: Are we talking about the same assets?

The same assets which are the Montana 4 McGarvey: utility, the purpose of the proposed adversarial 5 action which we wish to participate in is to 6 establish what is the property of the state and 7 8 if objection to our joinder, Northwestern argues that a fraudulent transfer claim must be 9 10 prosecuted by the debtor, but, and of course that would be true in a claim to recover assets 11 fraudulently transferred by the debtor, but it is 12 clearly wrong with respect to a claim that assets 13 14 were fraudulent transferred to the debtor. Every 15 credit - that has addressed this issue and there 16 are at least seven such cases, Your Honor, has held that if a debtor holds property which is 17 18 subject to constructive trust, the equitable 19 interest of such trust is excluded from the 20 estate. Northwestern next argued that our 21 fraudulent transfer claim is really a general 22 unsecured credit --- because the only matter to 23 be addressed is the classification and treatment

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under the claim's sponsor. The - argues that the constructive trust are imposition of the constructive trust is fundamentally at odds with the bankruptcy policy of - redistribution (?) and cites the Inray Nabeth case (?) decision of the Delaware District Court in Inray called --- and I think the Inray Paul Paradine Inc. (?) is very instructive, Your Honor because it does hold that a constructive trust does exclude the property from the estate, the Delaware Court further held that the excuse that the Omages (?) Court held that a constructive trust does not --- that previously exists in a judicial proceeding. It was an error and that the policy of graduable distribution does not prompt the equitable trust law. Then that court went on to hold that not withstanding constructive trust is the assets out of the estate, the assts could be got back in under the --- mark - in the case of a bonified purchaser of real property, but that is not the issue here because the vast majority of these equally traceable assets are not real property, and so we then turn to what happens with the strong arm powers in the case of non real

1		property and that issue was resolved by Judge
2		Walrath in his decision that cancels the the
3		last point I'd like to make has to suggest that
4		the cause and that's the suggestion that we don't
5		have need to bring adversary proceedings, and I
6		would like to site the Court to the holding of
7		the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals in the case of
8		Enray Abar Oil vs. Lionheart (?). The cite is 12
9		- 3rd 426, so that's - opinion in 1994, to which
10		the Court - that if such a claim, the circuit
11		trust claim was to be got it was and according to
12		and incumbent on the debtor to file an adversary
13		procedure use of bankruptcy court. That's what
14		we're required to do and that's what we set to do
15		by this motion to
16	Judge:	Well, you don't seek to do that. You don't seem
17		to have the debtor file the case. Right, I mean
18		you seek to file the case yourself.
19	McGarvey:	That's right, we seek a list stay so that
20		the adversary proceedings can be brought this
21		week we - to intervene and enjoin with the
22		case.

1	Judge:	With the result being that with the attendant
2		result would be the return of the Montana Power
3		Assets, is that what you're looking for?
4	McGarvey:	Yes, it's so the assets, if we prevail in
5		our contention that those assets were
6		fraudulently transferred or otherwise or - they
7		are not property of the estate.
8	Judge:	Now, If it were to turn out the other way, that
9		is to say that the assets stay at the
10		Northwestern Corporation level, at the debtor
11		level, what then happens to your litigation?
12	McGarvey:	Well, assuming we lost in our adversarial
13		actions, Inde would be left with a claim against
14		Northwestern based upon Northwestern's
15		stipulation to be bound for any liability in our
16		favor against the subsidiary. So our claim would
17		be enforcement of that stipulation.
18	Judge:	Well, given the litigation that's gone on and the
19		protection that you say you've been given by the
20		Montana Court in terms of the, as a condition to
21		upstraining the assets, why haven't you brought

this case? Why aren't you the prime plaintiff 1 rather the Magten? 2 Well, Your Honor, I particularly respond McGarvey: 3 that they beat us to the punch. Pulling - brings 4 us - and it could not be a greater - in a way. 5 And your action may be somewhat different from Judge: 6 their action, there may be additional issues, 7 because you have these prior rulings in the 8 Montana case upon which you say you can rely that 9 give you rights in terms of a constructive trust 10 against this property that Magten may not have. 11 Magten's argument may be simply, look, we're a 12 creditor who is damaged because this transfer 13 took place without adequate consideration. 14 That's it, Your Honor. We hear the argument 15 McGarvey: that the transfer was fraudulent in that it 16 rendered the subsidiary insolvent and was without 17 consideration, but we have additional argument 18 19 imposed on the -

Alright, thank you. Anybody else on the pro side 1 Judge: 2 want to be heard before we hear from the con 3 side? What side are you on Mr. Kornberg? 4 Mr. Kornberg: I'm a little puzzled. But I think I'm kind 5 of in the middle. Alan Kornberg for the official creditor's committee. Your honor, the, first of 6 7 all we filed a limited response that the credit 8 committee did, and that limited response was in 9 response to the motion that was filed by Magten 10 and I think we agreed completely with Your 11 Honor's observation which is that to the extent 12 that there may be other creditors of Clarkfork 13 and Blackfoot, they have different kinds of 14 claims and I think they have to be looked at 15 individually and I can say that the creditor's 16 committee has just begun the process of 17 considering claims that the McGreevey Class may 18 have and their effect on this estate, but from 19 what I've what I've heard to date, I think they 20 are quite different from Magten. The committee's position with respect to Magten is that Magten's 21 22 - command's allegations really are at the heard 23 of the relief that seeks in this Court today, not only with respect frankly to this motion for relief from the stay, but also the motion that you'll hear next which relates to issues involving the validity of the claims and liens of Credit Suisse First Boston. The Committee's view is that we should get to the heart of that issue. The committee has investigated substantially the claims that Magten has made and we disagree that Magten is a creditor of Clarkfork and Blackfoot We read the indentures that govern those instruments to provide that upon the transaction that took place that resulted in Northwestern assuming the liabilities of what is now known as Clarkfork and Blackfoot and in return getting the assets of that entity, that by the terms of the indentures with no further action required that the Northwestern, the debtor became the obligor and Clarkfork and Blackfoot was released from liability. I think that word in the indenture is the structural liability. So what the committee would like to see.. helpful argument that...

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M: Continuing guarantee.

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Your honor, the continuing guarantee I think even 2 M2: 3 Magten's Council would admit that the guarantee 4 claim, if one exists, and that's debatable, but 5 let's assume, for purposes of today, that the 6 guarantee remained extant, because the language I think is a little less clear, that guarantee 8 claim is for zero, because it guaranteed only 9 that the debtor would cause certain funds that 10 were a particular account to be paid over, as 11 council for both the debtor and Magten stated, 12 there was a zero in that account. The way the 13 committee looks at this issue is as follows, even 14 if there was a guarantee claim that was extant 15 against Clarkfork and Blackfoot, the claim amount 16 is at zero. A fraudulent conveyance claim would 17 only be in aid of satisfying an unsatisfied 18 creditor, if that claim, if the creditor had to 19 claim a zero, you don't need a fraudulence 20 conveyance claim, a relieve to satisfy the claim, 21 'cause it's obviously, it doesn't warrant 22 satisfaction. We believe, the creditors can be 23 as a very simple objective, we want to see this

1		company emerge from Chapter 11 as soon as
2		possible. The general insecure creditors of this
3		estate are the owners of this company, which is
4		grossly insolvent and we want to see a
5		reorganization promptly, and we want to address
6		the issues that need to be solved. We think that
7		the relieve from the stay, if say relief is
8		granted, if say relief is needed should be
9		granted, we would like address on expedited
10		bases, a threshold question, "Is Magten a
11		creditor of Clarkfolk and Blackfoot or not?" And
12		if it's not, and they don't have standing as a
13		creditor of that entity, they don't have
14		fraudulent conveyance claim.
15	M:	Well if ah, would it make difference if the
16		indentured trustee was a creditor, excuse me, was
17		a plaintiff, or does the fact the indentured
18		trustee would be treated the same way?
19	M2:	Ah, Your Honor, I believe they would be treated
20		exactly the same way
21	M:	Then what about McGreevey?

Now McGreevey I think is a whole different... 1 M2: I mean the McGreevey plaintiffs said they want to 2 M: join in, and they said they want to seek to 3 intervene in this, I asked them the question 4 point blank, "Why aren't you the prime 5 plaintiff?" And the suggestion from council was, 6 "Well, we thought we were going to be, but it 7 turns out somebody else was punished." Now that 8 threshold issue you're talking about with regard 9 to Magten, would not exist with regard to 10 McGreevey, because you don't have the terms of 11 the indenture that are actually governing the 12 status of that particular creditor. There may be 13 other issues that are wholly separate, but at 14 least that issue would not be a threshold. 15 You're exactly right Your Honor, I think the 16 M2: joiners is very poorly taken, because I think 17 it's a completely different case. I think when 18 you get to McGreevey, again I think when we talk 19 about these fraudulent conveyance claims, in a 20 sense we're putting the cart before the horse, 21 and the reason I say that is, as Your Honor 22 pointed out at the beginning, the fraudulent 23